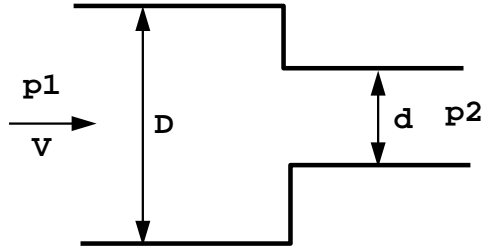


## DIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS

**3.1)** Experiments show that the pressure drop due to flow through a sudden contraction in a circular duct may be expressed as

$$\Delta p = p_1 - p_2 = f(\rho, \mu, V, d, D)$$

where the geometric variables are defined in the figure. Using  $\rho$ ,  $V$  and  $D$  as repeating variables, express the pressure drop in terms of non-dimensional quantities.



**3.2)** The velocity  $V$  of a free surface gravity wave in deep water is a function of wavelength  $\lambda$ , depth  $D$ , water density  $\rho$  and the acceleration of gravity  $g$ . Use dimensional analysis to find the functional dependency of  $V$  on the other variables. Choose  $\rho$ ,  $D$  and  $g$  as repeating variables. Express  $V$  in the simplest form possible.

**3.3)** The drag on an airfoil at zero angle of attack is a function of the flow density, viscosity and velocity, in addition to a length parameter. A 1:10 scale model of an airfoil was tested in a wind tunnel at a Reynolds number of  $5.5 \times 10^6$ , based on chord length. Test conditions in the wind tunnel air stream were 60F and 140 psi. The prototype airfoil has a chord length of 6 ft and it is to be flown in air at 60F, 14 psi. Determine:

- The velocity at which the wind tunnel model was tested.
- The corresponding prototype velocity.

**3.4)** A disc of radius  $R$  rotates with angular velocity  $\omega$  near a fixed surface separated by a distance  $h$ . The space in between is filled with a fluid of viscosity  $\mu$ . Find the dependence between the torque on the disc  $\tau$  and the other variables.